Legislative Audit Division



State of Montana

Report to the Legislature

November 2002

Financial-Compliance Audit

For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2002

Department of Corrections

This report contains seven recommendations to the Department of Corrections. Issues in the report include:

- Controls over cellular phone usage.
- Accounting for prison ranch housing.
- Compliance with state law and policy.
- Internal Service Fund rates commensurate with costs.

Direct comments/inquiries to: Legislative Audit Division Room 160, State Capitol PO Box 201705 Helena MT 59620-1705

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November 2002

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

This is our financial-compliance audit report for the Department of Corrections for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2002. This report contains seven recommendations regarding compliance with department policy, accounting for Montana Correctional Enterprise ranch housing, controls over payroll data entry, limits on inmate financial transactions, accounting for cannery operations, and Internal Service Fund rates. The department's written response to audit recommendations is included at the end of the audit report.

We thank the director and his staff for their assistance and cooperation throughout the audit.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signature on File)

Scott A. Seacat Legislative Auditor

Legislative Audit Division

Financial-Compliance Audit
For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2002

Department of Corrections

Members of the audit staff involved in this audit were Geri Hoffman, Brenda Kedish, Hollie Koehler, Cindy S. Jorgenson, and Amber Long.

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Appointed and Administrative Officials

Director's OfficeBill Slaughter, Director

Centralized Services Joe Williams, Division Administrator

Adult Community Corrections Mike Ferriter, Division Administrator

Juvenile Corrections Steve Gibson, Division Administrator

Secure Custody Facilities Mike Mahoney, Warden, Montana State Prison

Jo Acton, Warden, Montana Women's Prison

Montana Correctional

Enterprises

Ross Swanson, Division Administrator

Board of Pardons			Term Expires
	Patrick T. Fleming	Chair	1/4/03
	Roxanna Wilson	Member	1/1/06
	Mark Fournier	Member	1/1/05
	Michael McKee	Auxiliary Member	1/1/03
	Sheryl Hoffarth	Auxiliary Member	1/1/06

Craig Thomas Executive Secretary

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Department of Corrections

This financial-compliance audit report contains the results of our audit of the Department of Corrections for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2002. We issued an unqualified opinion on the financial schedules contained in this report for fiscal years 2000-01 and 2001-02. This means the reader can rely on the financial information presented and the supporting detailed information on the state's accounting records.

This report contains seven recommendations. The recommendations relate to compliance with department policy, accounting for ranch housing, inadequate controls over payroll, limits on inmate financial transactions, accounting for cannery operations, and Internal Service Fund rates.

The prior audit report contained ten recommendations. The department implemented seven, did not implement two and partially implemented one.

The listing below serves as a means of summarizing the recommendations contained in the report, the department's response thereto, and a reference to the supporting comments.

Recommendation #1

Department Response: Concur. See page B-3.

Recommendation #2

We recommend the department:

- A. Include the fair market value of the employees' housing in their taxable gross income and record the rental income on the accounting system.

Department Response: Concur. See page B-4.

Report Summary

Recommendation #3	We recommend the department ensure time reporting input agrees to the actual information recorded on the employees' timesheets.
	Department Response: Concur. See page B-4.
Recommendation #4	We recommend the department's cook/chill facility rates include a depreciation factor to ensure fees are commensurate with costs as required by state law
	<u>Department Response</u> : Concur. See page B-4.
Recommendation #5	We recommend the department:
	A. Enforce contracting policy to ensure contracts are signed in a timely manner.
	B. Ensure the facilities comply with department policies and procedures for contracts exceeding \$5,000
	Department Response: Concur. See page B-4.
Recommendation #6	We recommend the department comply with state law related to excess balances in inmate trust accounts
	Department Response: Concur. See page B-5.
Recommendation #7	We recommend the department work with the Department of Administration to determine the appropriate fund for the cannery operation and move the accounting for the cannery to that fund.
	Department Response: Partially Concur. See page B-5.

Introduction

Introduction and Scope

We performed a financial-compliance audit of the Department of Corrections (department) for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2002. The objectives of the audit were to:

- 1. Review the department's control systems and make recommendations for the improvement of management and internal controls of the department.
- 2. Determine if the department complied with applicable state and federal laws and regulations.
- 3. Determine the implementation status of recommendations from the prior audit.
- 4. Determine if the department's financial schedules present fairly, in accordance with state accounting policy, the result of operations for the audit period.

This report contains seven recommendations to the department. Areas of concern deemed not to have a significant effect on the successful operation of department programs are not specifically included in the report but have been discussed with management. In accordance with section 5-13-307, MCA, we analyzed and disclosed the cost, if significant, of implementing the recommendations in this report.

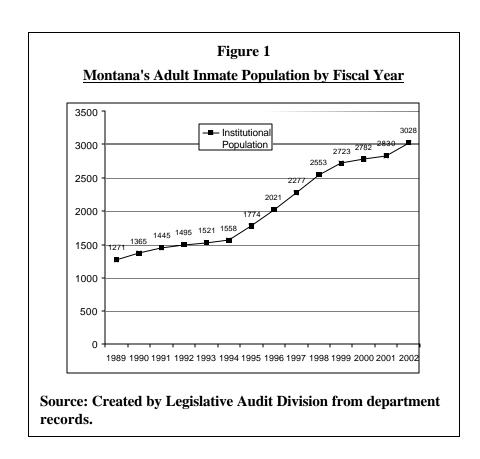
As required by section 17-8-101(6), MCA, we audited and are reporting on the reasonableness of Internal Service Fund fees and fund equity balances at the department. We reviewed the Internal Service Fund activity of the prison industries training program and determined the rates are not commensurate with costs for fiscal year 2001 and 2002 as required by law. However, because this program provides training and education for inmates, it does not have to be self-supporting as stated in 53-30-133(1)(a), MCA.

We also reviewed the Montana State Prison cook/chill operations that moved from the General Fund to an Internal Service Fund in fiscal year 2002. We determined the rates are not commensurate with costs. The issue is discussed on page 12 of this report.

Background

The Department of Corrections is dedicated to public safety and trust by holding adult and juvenile offenders accountable for their actions against victims through custody, supervision, treatment, work, restitution, and skill development.

Between 1989 and 2002, Montana's adult average daily inmate population more than doubled, increasing from 1,271 to 3,028 inmates.



As of June 2001, the Department of Corrections projects an adult male population of 3,239 by the end of fiscal year 2003 and a female population of 351.

To respond to the need for increased prison beds, Montana has helped fund three jail/prison facilities located in Cascade, Dawson, and Missoula Counties, and has contracted for inmate beds with a private prison located in Shelby. Additionally, the department has expanded community-based programs to most of the larger communities in the state.

Table 1

<u>Average Adult Daily Population by Facility</u>
Fiscal Year 2001 and 2002

	Fiscal Year 2001	Fiscal Year 2002
Montana State Prison – Deer Lodge	1,268	1,319
Dawson County Regional Prison	136	138
Great Falls Regional Prison	126	134
Missoula Regional Prison	150	160
Crossroads Correctional Facility – male inmates – Shelby	384	394
Crossroads Correctional Facility – female inmates – Shelby	61	74
Montana Women's Prison – Billings	71	74
Male Prerelease – statewide	423	467
Female Prerelease – statewide	111	114
Treasure State Correctional Training Center – Male Trainees – Deer Lodge	42	44
Female Intensive Challenge Program – Billings	0	7
Male WATCH DUI Program – Warm Springs	0	27
Female WATCH DUI Program – Warm Springs	0	2
DOC Commits Housed in Great Falls Regional Prison	5	11
Montana Women's Prison – County Jail Holding	16	25
Community Corrections Jail Hold	37	38
Total	2830	3028

Source: Created by the Legislative Audit Division from department records.

The department currently consists of five programs: Administration and Support Services, Adult Community Corrections, Juvenile Corrections, Secure Custody Facilities, and Montana Correctional Enterprises (MCE). The following paragraphs describe the organization of the department at the end of fiscal year 2002. The full-time equivalent (FTE) numbers listed for each program were obtained from the department in September 2002.

Introduction

Administration and Support Services

The Administration and Support Services program accounts for expenditures for the Director's Office and the Centralized Services Division. The Director's Office provides leadership and management support to all department facilities and divisions. The Director's Office includes Health and Treatment Services, Internal Audit/Quality Assurance, Investigation and Correctional Practices Bureau. Centralized Services provides fiscal, information technologies, statistics, human resources, and legal services. (FTE 83.50)

The Board of Pardons and Parole, which is attached to the department for administrative purposes only, oversees Montana's inmate parole and furlough programs. The board also reviews requests for executive clemency and makes recommendations to the Governor concerning those requests. (FTE 8)

Community Corrections

The Community Corrections program accounts for expenditures for the supervision and alternative activities for adult offenders, including the Interstate Compact Unit, Adult Probation and Parole, Treasure State Correctional Training Center, Felony DUI Facility, and the adult prerelease unit. This division provides supervision for 75 percent of the more than 9,000 adult offenders in the state correctional system. (FTE 206)

Juvenile Corrections

The Juvenile Corrections program accounts for expenditures for the community transition centers, probation and parole, Pine Hills Youth Correctional Facility, Riverside Youth Correctional Facility, financial specialists, and juvenile detention facility licensing. (FTE 205.85)

Secure Facilities

The Secure Facilities program includes expenditures for the Montana State Prison (MSP), Montana Women's Prison (MWP), and contract facilities. These facilities provide for the custody, treatment, training, and rehabilitation of adult male and female criminal offenders. Facility locations include facilities in Missoula, Great Falls, Glendive, Shelby, Billings, and Deer Lodge. (FTE 590.95)

Montana Correctional Enterprise

The Montana Correctional Enterprise (MCE) program accounts for expenditures of the Prison Ranch and Dairy, Vocational/Training, and MCE Industries. The ranch provides dairy products to state institutions and beef cattle, grain, and surplus raw milk to the open market. The Vocational/Training program provides equipment and vehicle repair to state agencies, telemarketing business skills, and vocational education programs. The MCE Industries provides manufactured products (furniture, upholstery, print, signs, license plates, and telemarketing) to state agencies and local governments. A local dealer network is used to sell furniture products manufactured by inmates. (FTE 55)

Prior Audit Recommendations

Prior Audit Recommendations

Our previous audit report of the department, covering the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, contained ten recommendations. The department concurred with all ten recommendations contained in the report. Of these recommendations, seven have been implemented, one partially implemented, and two have not been implemented.

The recommendation partially implemented relates to limits on inmate financial transactions and is discussed on page 14. One of the recommendations not implemented relates to contracts not being signed in a timely manner and is discussed on page 13. The second recommendation not implemented relates to federal indirect cost recoveries. The department applied all its federal grant funds to construction costs at secure facilities. At this point the department cannot recover additional federal funds to cover the indirect costs of monitoring. Since the building projects are nearly complete, we make no further recommendation at this time but will look at future federal awards to ensure the department recovers indirect costs as required by state law.

Findings and Recommendations

Lack of Control Over Cellular Telephones

Several department employees are using state issued cellular telephones for personal business. One department employee took the state cell phone on various vacations and incurred approximately \$4,100 of charges over a twelve-month period. Another employee incurred roaming charges of approximately \$560 during one vacation. Other department employees were also using their state issued cell phones for personal business totaling less than \$50 during the same twelve-month period. In June 2002 the department informed us they were working on a separate investigation related to abnormal costs associated with cellular phone usage. Based on a review of cellular phone bills, the department determined a few phones had a significant number of long distance and roaming charges that were not related to department operations.

The department's "Cellular Phone Usage" policy, as well as the state cell phone policy states, "State cellular telephones are provided in order to conduct state business. In addition to state business, state cellular telephones may be used while traveling to contact children, teachers, doctors, daycare centers, babysitters, and for calls to family members to inform them of personal business. These calls must be kept to a minimum and must not interfere with the conduct of state business." Since department staff were not conducting state business while incurring the majority of these roaming charges they are not in compliance with state or department policy.

Department officials said they asked for but did not receive an itemized listing of phone charges by cellular telephone number from its service provider for approximately 12 months. Therefore, they were unable to identify the roaming charges associated with each phone. However, the department did receive summary billing information identifying the phone number, the person assigned the phone and total charges associated with the phone. Department management could have reviewed total cellular phone charges by bureau to determine whether there were any unexpected charges exceeding the base monthly charge. Also, the department could have

Findings and Recommendations

a procedure in place to require each cell phone user to review and approve their own charges.

An itemized list of cellular phone charges was provided to the department in May of 2002. At that time the department requested all employees review the statements and reimburse the department for any personal phone calls. As of September 20, 2002, the department has recovered approximately \$1,300 from department staff for personal calls made on the department's cellular phones. Because of the nature of this matter, one item listed above was referred to the Attorney General's Office and Governor's Office by our office in accordance with section 5-13-304(4), MCA.

Recommendation #1

We recommend the department implement adequate controls to ensure department employees are complying with state and department policy related to cellular phone usage.

Montana Correctional Enterprise (M CE) Ranch Housing There are five houses on the MCE ranch property available for employee housing. The department requires employees who reside in a MCE house to work an additional hour and a half per day to receive the housing benefit. This additional hour and a half is not recorded on the state's human resource system. Also, the fair market value of the housing is not included as a fringe benefit in the employee's taxable gross income. The department's procedures for furnishing ranch housing do not comply with federal tax regulations or department time keeping policy.

The exchange of housing for an additional hour and a half of work per day meets the Internal Revenue Service's (IRS) definition of a barter exchange. An IRS publication states "Bartering is an exchange of property or services. You must include in your income, at the time received, the fair market value of property or services you receive in bartering." The department is not reporting the true cost of services received from employees or revenue of prison ranch operations by using this type of barter exchange for ranch housing.

Department management believes that a different IRS publication covers the housing they are providing. However, this publication states, "You do not include in your income the value of meals and lodging provided to you and your family by your employer at no charge if the following conditions are met:

- 1. Furnished on the business premises of your employer;
- 2. Furnished for the convenience of your employer; and
- 3. A condition of your employment (you must accept it in order to properly perform your duties)."

MCE housing is not provided at "no charge" since the employees are required to work an additional hour and a half per day in exchange for housing.

Department time keeping policy 1.3.40 defines overtime as "all hours worked and all hours required or permitted to be worked by a nonexempt employee which exceed forty hours within the prescribed 168 hours established as the workweek." The five employees that work the extra hour and one half each day are required to report the extra time, but the department only records overtime on the state's human resource system for the hours that exceed nine and one half hours each day. When time worked is not reported on the human resource system there is an unrecorded liability at the department.

Recommendation #2

We recommend the department:

- A. Include the fair market value of the employees' housing in their taxable gross income and record the rental income on the accounting system.
- B. Record all hours worked by prison ranch employees on the state's human resource system.

Payroll Errors

We reviewed a total of 42 department personnel timesheets and identified six data entry errors recorded on the state's human

Findings and Recommendations

resource system. Three errors related to time classification. The employees had earned time through On-Call/Duty Officer Status; however, time was coded as Compensatory Time Earned. The employees were properly paid but the type of pay was misclassified.

The other three errors were reported as follows on the state's human resource system:

- An employee reported 70 hours of regular time on a timesheet and department personnel paid the employee for 80 hours of regular time. The employee was overpaid for 10 hours.
- An employee reported eight and one half hours of compensatory time earned and department personnel did not record compensatory time. This employee's compensatory time balance was understated.
- An employee reported 26.5 hours of vacation time and department personnel recorded the 26.5 hours as regular time. This error caused the employee's vacation balance to be overstated by 26.5 hours.

The department has controls in place that should have identified the above errors. However, the control procedures did not work as designed. Department personnel have since corrected the state's human resource system to reflect actual hours as recorded on the employees' timesheets.

Recommendation #3

We recommend the department ensure time reporting input agrees to the actual information recorded on the employees' timesheets.

Internal Service Fund Rates Commensurate With Cost

The staff of the cook/chill facility at the Montana State Prison (MSP) prepares and delivers bulk food meal items to the Montana State Hospital, Treasure State Correctional Training Center, and the MSP. They also prepare and deliver complete meals in trays for the MSP-maximum security section, Riverside, Helena Pre-Release and the WATCH Treatment Center.

Starting in fiscal year 2002 the cook/chill activity was reported in an Internal Service Fund (ISF) on the state's accounting system. As required by section 17-8-101(6), MCA, we reviewed the fees and fund equity balance for this fund. Based on this review the cook/chill rates are not commensurate with costs. The department did not include a depreciation factor for facilities and equipment in the cook/chill rate. Fiscal year 2002 depreciation expense was \$172,434.

The original ISF rates were established by the department and adopted by the 2001 Legislative Session when the cook/chill facility had only been in operation for about six months. Upon further review of the rate structure, department staff noted the following problems:

- ▶ The ISF rates were only for meals on trays and not all the customers were to be sold meals on trays. Therefore, the department had to establish bulk pricing for bags and pans of food that would be used as a part of many meals.
- Some of the initial data the department used to set rates was misstated. Information related to the number of meals served and the costs associated with those meals were conflicting.
- Based on original rate projections, the customers appropriations would be short approximately \$900,000 and no additional funding was available.

Since the customers would not have the appropriation to pay for all the meals the department decided to lower the meal rates by excluding a depreciation factor.

Recommendation #4

We recommend the department's cook/chill facility rates include a depreciation factor to ensure fees are commensurate with costs as required by state law.

Contract Procedures

In our prior two audits of the department, we made recommendations relating to the department implementing contracting policies and

Findings and Recommendations

procedures which ensure contracts are signed in a timely manner. The department concurred with the recommendation.

During our current audit, we determined the department has not implemented the prior recommendation. We reviewed 14 contracts and found only 5 were signed prior to the contract effective date. Of the 14 contracts, 3 were signed within 20 days following the effective date, 4 were signed two months late, 1 was signed five months late, and 1 was signed 10 months after the effective date. As noted in our prior audit, without signed contracts, there is no documented understanding of each party's rights and responsibilities for the work to be performed. The department may have increased liability if it does not have signed contracts describing the responsibilities of contractors and the department.

We also reviewed all eight of the department contracts over \$5,000 at one facility. Six contracts were not bid and coordinated through the central office as required by the department's contract policy. The department Purchasing Manual requires a contract with a total price greater than \$5,000 to be bid and coordinated through the central office. The six contracts exceeding the \$5,000 threshold ranged in price from \$7,680 to \$32,258 and totaled \$83,458.

Recommendation #5

We recommend the department:

- A. Enforce contracting policy to ensure contracts are signed in a timely manner.
- B. Ensure the facilities comply with department policies and procedures for contracts exceeding \$5,000.

Limits on Inmate Trust Account Balances

In our prior audit, we recommended the department develop and implement policies to limit inmate trust account balances as required by state law. The department concurred with the recommendation and was going to have a committee review these issues and provide a draft policy to the director by December 31, 2000. The department

drafted a policy, but after review by department management they decided to seek legislation to amend the law.

We reviewed inmate accounts at the Montana State Prison (MSP) and Montana Women's Prison (MWP) and determined the department is not in compliance with section 53-1-107, MCA. The law states: "If an inmate accumulates a balance in excess of \$200 in the inmate's prison inmate trust account, the excess must, consistent with department rules, be forfeited for the payment of restitution or costs of incarceration."

We noted 10 of 99 inmate accounts at the MWP had balances in excess of \$200 as of June 7, 2002. The total excess in these accounts was \$4,519. We also noted 148 of 1,917 inmate accounts at the MSP had balances in excess of \$200 as of June 11, 2002. The total excess in these accounts was \$41,803.

Department management said they are seeking legislation to amend the current state law related to inmate trust account limits and have drafted policies inline with the legislation they are seeking. They said this issue is quite complex since the priority of deductions for court ordered child support, restitution, legal fees and other items need to be addressed in the law. There are also complexities with the determination of restitution deduction rates and incarceration rates (room, board, and medical costs). The draft legislation removes the \$200 limit and replaces it with a priority order and percentage of items to be withheld when the inmate receives funds. Until new legislation is adopted, the department is still not in compliance with the state law related to inmate trust account limits and has not adopted rules as required by state law. If new legislation is passed, the department should ensure they comply with the new law and adopt rules consistent with the new legislation.

Recommendation #6

We recommend the department comply with state law related to excess balances in inmate trust accounts.

Findings and Recommendations

Cannery Operation

The cannery operation is a food processing facility located at the Montana State Prison. The food processed is used by the Montana Food Bank Network (MFBN) to feed needy families in Montana.

The cannery operation is funded by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Public Health and Human Services, and the MFBN. The cannery activity is reported on the state's accounting system in an Enterprise Fund. However, there is no fee charged by the cannery for the canned product, the cannery does not receive any revenue outside of state government, is not self-supporting and is not a business-type activity. Product, cans, and labels are all provided by the Montana Food Bank. The product is canned at the cannery and then returned to the Food Bank. The Food Bank distributes the product to the public.

The cannery operation does not meet the definition of an Enterprise Fund as described in section 17-2-102, MCA. An Enterprise Fund, as defined, accounts for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises whenever the intent of the legislature is that costs (i.e., expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The cannery operation does not recover costs through user charges.

Recommendation #7

We recommend the department work with the Department of Administration to determine the appropriate fund for the cannery operation and move the accounting for the cannery to that fund.

Independent Auditor's Report & Agency Financial Schedules

LEGISLATIVE AUDIT DIVISION

Scott A. Seacat, Legislative Auditor John W. Northey, Legal Counsel



Deputy Legislative Auditors: Jim Pellegrini, Performance Audit Tori Hunthausen, IS Audit & Operations James Gillett, Financial-Compliance Audit

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

We have audited the accompanying Schedules of Changes in Fund Balances & Property Held in Trust, Schedules of Total Revenues & Transfers-In, and Schedules of Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out of the Department of Corrections for each of the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001 and 2002. The information contained in these financial schedules is the responsibility of the department's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial schedules based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial schedules are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosure in the financial schedules. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial schedule presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in note 1, the financial schedules are presented on a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The schedules are not intended to be a complete presentation and disclosure of the department's assets, liabilities, and cash flows.

In our opinion, the financial schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations and changes in fund balances of the Department of Corrections for each of the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001 and 2002, in conformity with the basis of accounting described in note 1.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signature on File)

James Gillett, CPA Deputy Legislative Auditor

August 26, 2002

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES & PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

FUND BALANCE: July 1, 2001 PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST: July 1, 2001	General Fund \$ (3,723,973)	Special Revenue Fund \$ 846,793	Enterprise Fund 9,621,898	Internal Service Fund 112,978	Agency Fund \$ 0 \$ 389,773
ADDITIONS Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In NonBudgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Prior Year Revenues & Transfers-In Adjustments Direct Entries to Fund Balance Additions to Property Held in Trust	68,933 13,293 96,016,186	8,361,442 681 (13,902) (4,749,946)	5,160,797 64,362 4,918,429	6,205,793 56,753	2,782,587
Total Additions	96,098,412	3,598,275	10,143,588	6,262,546	2,782,587
REDUCTIONS Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out NonBudgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out Prior Year Expenditures & Transfers-Out Adjustments Reductions in Property Held in Trust Total Reductions	97,483,202 380,300 91,917 97,955,419	3,788,929 (29,844) (7,797) 3,751,288	5,424,867 (341,926) 8,280 5,091,221	2,337,256 164,736 (187) 2,501,805	2,779,848 2,779,848
FUND BALANCE: June 30, 2002 PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST: June 30, 2002	\$ (5,580,980)	\$ 693,780	\$ <u>14,674,265</u>	\$3,873,719_	\$ 0 \$ 392,512

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES & PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

FUND BALANCE: July 1, 2000 PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST: July 1, 2000	General Fund \$ (3,566,435)	Special Revenue Fund \$ 214,562	Capital Projects Fund 448	Enterprise Fund \$ 9,295,971	Internal Service Fund \$ 96,196	Agency Fund \$ 0 \$ 354,674	General Fixed Assets Group \$ (28,280)
ADDITIONS Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In NonBudgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Prior Year Revenues & Transfers-In Adjustments	184,266 34,502	5,698,928 445 30,154		4,965,909 21,626 4,883	338,266 3,902		
Direct Entries to Fund Balance Additions To Property Held in Trust	94,867,922	(2,166,133)		(185,899)	54,265	9,158,699	28,280
Total Additions	95,086,690	3,563,394		4,806,519	396,433	9,158,699	28,280
REDUCTIONS Budgeted Expenditure & Transfers-Out NonBudgeted Expenditure & Transfers-Out	95,287,917	2,913,146	448	4,705,861 (223,378)	354,297 25,094		
Prior Year Expenditure & Transfers-Out Adjustments Reductions in Property Held in Trust Total Reductions	95,244,228	2,931,163	448	(1,891) 4,480,592	260 379,651	9,123,600 9,123,600	
FUND BALANCE: June 30, 2001 PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST: June 30, 2001	\$ (3,723,973)	\$846,793_	\$0	\$_9,621,898_	\$ 112,978	\$ <u>0</u> \$ <u>389,773</u>	\$0

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS SCHEDULE OF TOTAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Ge	eneral Fund	F	Special Revenue Fund	I	Enterprise Fund	In	iternal Service Fund		Total
TOTAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN BY CLASS			_		_					
Taxes	\$	2,734	\$	681					\$	3,415
Charges for Services				761,635	\$	756,919				1,518,554
Capital Contributions							\$	3,806,076		3,806,076
Sale of Documents, Merchandise and Property		1,134		1,016,532		4,465,895		2,408,962		7,892,523
Contributions and Premiums		(12,144)								(12,144)
Miscellaneous		88,333								88,333
Other Financing Sources				350,790		2,345		47,508		400,643
Federal		2,169		6,218,583						6,220,752
Total Revenues & Transfers-In		82,226		8,348,221		5,225,159		6,262,546		19,918,152
Less: Nonbudgeted Revenues & Transfers-In		68,933		681		64,362		56,753		190,729
Prior Year Revenues & Transfers-In Adjustments		13,293		(13,902)						(609)
Actual Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In		0		8,361,442		5,160,797		6,205,793		19,728,032
Estimated Revenues & Transfers-In		0		8,324,830		6,065,136		15,730,000		30,119,966
Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Over (Under) Estimated	\$	0	\$	36,612	\$	(904,339)	\$	(9,524,207)	\$ ((10,391,934)
BUDGETED REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN OVER (UNDER) ESTIMATED BY CLASS										
Charges for Services			\$	(25,635)	\$	756,919			\$	731,284
Fines and Forfeits							\$	(8,193,924)		(8,193,924)
Sale of Documents, Merchandise and Property					(1,661,258)		(1,330,283)		(2,991,541)
Miscellaneous				(3,500)	,	,		, , ,		(3,500)
Other Financing Sources				65,747						65,747
Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Over (Under) Estimated	\$	0	\$	36,612	\$	(904,339)	\$	(9,524,207)	\$ ((10,391,934)

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS SCHEDULE OF TOTAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

TOTAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN BY CLASS	Ge	eneral Fund	R	Special evenue Fund	Enterprise Fund	Int	ernal Service Fund		Total
Taxes	\$	2,582	\$	445				\$	3,027
Charges for Services		47,596		636,117	\$ 743,818				1,427,531
Sale of Documents, Merchandise and Property		6,646		905,608	4,248,600	\$	342,168		5,503,022
Miscellaneous		161,944							161,944
Other Financing Sources				385,512					385,512
Federal			_	3,801,845				_	3,801,845
Total Revenues & Transfers-In		218,768		5,729,527	4,992,418		342,168	1	1,282,881
Less: Nonbudgeted Revenues & Transfers-In		184,266		445	21,626		3,902		210,239
Prior Year Revenues & Transfers-In Adjustments		34,502		30,154	4,883				69,539
Actual Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In		0		5,698,928	4,965,909		338,266	1	1,003,103
Estimated Revenues & Transfers-In		0		5,719,198	5,199,154		340,560	1	1,258,912
Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Over (Under) Estimated	\$	0	\$	(20,270)	\$ (233,245)	\$	(2,294)	\$	(255,809)
BUDGETED REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN OVER (UNDER) ESTIMATED BY CLASS									
Charges for Services			\$	(14,515)	\$ (6,182)				(20,697)
Sale of Documents, Merchandise and Property			•	(1)	(227,063)	\$	(2,294)		(229,358)
Federal	\$			(5,754)	(=21,000)	*	(=,=0 .)		(5,754)
Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Over (Under) Estimated	\$ <u></u>	0	\$	(20,270)	\$ (233,245)	\$	(2,294)	\$	(255,809)

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS SCHEDULE OF TOTAL EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	ADMIN AND SUPPORT SERVICES	COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS	JUVENILE CORRECTIONS	MONT CORRECTIONAL ENTERPRISES	SECURE FACILITIES	Total
PROGRAM (SUBCLASS) EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT						<u></u>
Personal Services Salaries Hourly Wages Other Compensation	\$ 3,134,341 15,222	\$ 6,529,682	\$ 6,135,452 18,253	\$ 1,862,284 685,383	\$ 17,861,980 316,151	\$ 35,523,739 1,019,787 15,222
Employee Benefits Personal Services-Other	808,685 2,040	2,007,420	1,860,680	533,250 25,031	5,133,283 42,187	10,343,318 69,258
Total	3,960,288	8,537,102	8,014,385	3,105,948	23,353,601	46,971,324
Operating Expenses Other Services Supplies & Materials	4,256,418 469,663	10,908,388 532,357	704,990 694,420	157,099 1,605,103	22,156,536 4,388,632	38,183,431 7,690,175
Communications Travel	95,371 82,810	220,372 66,921	62,795 49,734	13,858 15,733	146,365 77,789	538,761 292,987
Rent	240,876	1,197,388	95,829	128,234	63,091	1,725,418
Utilities Repair & Maintenance	54,648	67,294 67,210	298,143 45,610	184,146 248,995	692,706 373,205	1,242,289 789,668
Other Expenses	487,775	33,265	51,089	223,624	574,622	1,370,375
Goods Purchased For Resale Total	5,687,561	13,093,195	6,236 2,008,846	789,524 3,366,316	982,093 29,455,039	1,777,853 53,610,957
Equipment & Intangible Assets	2	24.242	77.000	(2)	202 757	204.022
Equipment Total	2	24,243 24,243	77,923 77,923	(2)	292,757 292,757	394,923 394,923
Capital Outlay						
Land & Interest In Land Buildings				(64,713) 85,001	50	(64,663) 85,001
Other Improvements				(20,288)		(20,288)
Total				0	50	50
Benefits & Claims		(22.045)	0.002.744			7.070.000
From State Sources From Federal Sources		(23,915) (2,593)	8,003,744 70,439			7,979,829 67,846
Total		(26,508)	8,074,183			8,047,675
Transfers					4= =00	40.000
Accounting Entity Transfers Total				2,345 2,345	47,508 47,508	49,853 49,853
Debt Service					107.111	107.111
Bonds Leases	27,542	27,713	9,700		107,411 52,585	107,411 117,540
Total	27,542	27,713	9,700		159,996	224,951
Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out	\$ 9,675,393	\$ 21,655,745	\$ 18,185,037	\$6,474,607	\$ 53,308,951	\$109,299,733_
EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT BY FUND						
General Fund	\$ 9,291,607	\$ 20,964,623	\$ 16,468,425	\$ 1,274,112	\$ 49,956,652	\$ 97,955,419
Special Revenue Fund Enterprise Fund	137,055 239,503	691,122	1,716,612	4,851,718	1,206,499	3,751,288 5,091,221
Internal Service Fund	7,228			348,777	2,145,800	2,501,805
Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out	9,675,393	21,655,745	18,185,037	6,474,607	53,308,951	109,299,733
Less: Nonbudgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out Prior Year Expenditures & Transfers-Out Adjustments	191,354 59,937	18,050 12,811		(514,677) 9,500	478,540 9,965	173,267 92,213
Actual Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out	9,424,102	21,624,884	18,185,037	6,979,784	52,820,446	109,034,253
Budget Authority Unspent Budget Authority	9,645,627 \$ 221,525	\$\frac{21,941,314}{316,430}	18,625,728 \$ 440,691	\$ 8,400,100 \$ 1,420,316	\$ 53,287,367 \$ 466,921	111,900,136 \$ 2,865,883
	Ψ 221,323	Ψ 310,430	Ψ 440,091	Ψ 1,420,310	Ψ 400,321	Ψ 2,003,003
UNSPENT BUDGET AUTHORITY BY FUND						
General Fund Special Revenue Fund	\$ 217,370 4,115	\$ 242,562 73,868	\$ 171,045 269,646	\$ 356,428	\$ 218,784 17,948	\$ 1,206,189 365,577
Enterprise Fund	34	73,008	209,040	895,805	17,940	895,839
Internal Service Fund	<u>6</u>	¢ 246.420	¢ 440.604	168,083	230,189	398,278
Unspent Budget Authority	\$ 221,525	\$ 316,430	\$ 440,691	\$1,420,316_	\$ 466,921	\$ 2,865,883

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS SCHEDULE OF TOTAL EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

	PROGRAM (SUBCLASS) NOT SPECIFIED	ADMIN AND SUPPORT SERVICES	COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS	MONT CORRECTIONAL ENTERPRISES	SECURE FACILITIES	Total
PROGRAM (SUBCLASS) EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT						
Personal Services Salaries Hourly Wages Other Compensation Employee Benefits Personal Services-Other Total	\$\$22,747 22,747	\$ 5,649,898 33,319 14,850 1,472,126 7,170,193	\$ 8,062,243 2,492,622 10,554,865	\$ 1,754,496 668,454 496,517 2,919,467	\$ 18,733,926 320,909 277 5,520,057 	\$ 34,200,563 1,022,682 15,127 9,981,322 22,747 45,242,441
Operating Expenses Other Services Supplies & Materials Communications Travel Rent Utilities Repair & Maintenance Other Expenses Goods Purchased For Resale Total Equipment & Intangible Assets	216,331	5,140,653 1,178,459 163,804 122,459 283,235 6,386 164,252 353,184	12,497,738 398,342 253,461 86,434 1,108,539 94,209 90,634 47,353	65,372 2,034,885 18,724 17,829 19,091 182,429 303,868 32,967 642,214 3,317,379	18,139,497 3,343,834 172,603 122,554 114,049 1,014,759 585,789 152,785 847,319 24,493,189	35,843,260 6,955,520 608,592 349,276 1,524,914 1,297,783 1,144,543 802,620 1,489,533 50,016,041
Equipment Intangible Assets Total	(103,905)	17,430	2,323	117,005	380,099 8,385 388,484	412,952 8,385 421,337
Capital Outlay Buildings Other Improvements Total	(43,997) (14,912) (58,909)			58,910 58,910		(43,997) 43,998 1
Grants From State Sources Total					5,318 5,318	5,318 5,318
Benefits & Claims From State Sources From Federal Sources Total			6,934,432 169,256 7,103,688		(2,729) 67,033 64,304	6,931,703 236,289 7,167,992
Transfers Accounting Entity Transfers Total		448 448				448 448
Debt Service Bonds Leases Total		11,181 11,181	55,694 55,694		75,337 40,292 115,629	75,337 107,167 182,504
Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out	\$	\$ 14,611,684	\$ 32,293,280	\$6,412,761	\$ 49,642,093	\$ 103,036,082
EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT BY FUND General Fund Special Revenue Fund Capital Projects Fund Enterprise Fund Internal Service Fund Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out Less: Nonbudgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out Prior Year Expenditures & Transfers-Out Adjustments Actual Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out Budget Authority	\$ 74,173 2,091 76,264 76,264 0 0	\$ 14,556,062 2,552 448 48,714 3,908 14,611,684 448 124,273 14,486,963 14,667,496	\$ 31,352,205 941,075 32,293,280 (173,655) 32,466,935 32,914,200	\$ 1,681,404 4,357,705 373,652 6,412,761 (274,548) (3,907) 6,691,216 7,935,722	\$ 47,654,557 1,987,536 49,642,093 25,985 49,616,108 50,082,590	\$ 95,244,228 2,931,163 448 4,480,592 379,651 103,036,082 (197,836) (27,304) 103,261,222 105,600,008
Unspent Budget Authority UNSPENT BUDGET AUTHORITY BY FUND	\$0	\$ 180,533	\$ 447,265	\$ 1,244,506	\$ 466,482	\$ 2,338,786
General Fund Special Revenue Fund Capital Projects Fund Enterprise Fund		\$ 168,013 11,673 847	\$ 397,109 50,156	\$ 129,563 1,054,985	\$ 366,328 100,154	\$ 1,061,013 161,983 847 1,054,985
Internal Service Fund Unspent Budget Authority	\$0	\$ 180,533	\$ 447,265	\$ 59,958 \$ 1,244,506	\$ 466,482	\$ 59,958 \$ 2,338,786

Department of Corrections

Notes to the Financial Schedules for the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2002

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The department uses the modified accrual basis of accounting, as defined by state accounting policy, for its Governmental fund category (General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects). In applying the modified accrual basis, the department records:

Revenues when it receives cash or when receipts are measurable and available to pay current period liabilities.

Expenditures for valid obligations when the department incurs the related liability and it is measurable, with the exception of the cost of employees' annual and sick leave. State accounting policy requires the department to record the cost of employees' annual leave and sick leave when used or paid.

The department uses accrual basis accounting for Proprietary (Enterprise, Internal Service) and Fiduciary (Agency) Fund categories. Under the accrual basis, as defined by state accounting policy, the department records revenues in the accounting period earned when measurable and records expenses in the period incurred when measurable.

Expenditures and expenses may include: entire budgeted service contracts even though the department receives the services in a subsequent fiscal year; goods ordered with a purchase order before fiscal year-end, but not received as of fiscal year-end; and equipment ordered with a purchase order before fiscal year-end.

Bas is of Presentation

The financial schedule format is in accordance with the policy of the Legislative Audit Committee. The financial schedules are prepared from the transactions posted to the state's accounting system without adjustment.

Notes to the Financial Schedules

The 2001 Legislature modified the fund structure established in section 17-2-102, MCA, to implement the changes made to generally accepted accounting principles by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34. These changes were effective July 1, 2001. Department accounts are organized in funds according to state law applicable at the time transactions were recorded. The department uses the following funds:

Governmental Funds Category

General Fund - to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The majority of the department's activity is recorded in this fund.

Special Revenue Fund - to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Department Special Revenue Funds include federal assistance, supervision fees and canteen activity.

Capital Projects Fund - to account for resources used for purchase or construction of major capital facilities. In fiscal year 2001 the department used this fund to account for information technology bonds.

Proprietary Funds Category

Internal Service Fund - to account for providing goods or services to other agencies or departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. Department Internal Service Funds include the Montana State Prison Industries Training Program. Also in fiscal year 2002 the department's cook/chill operations were moved from the General Fund to the Internal Service Fund.

Enterprise Fund - to account for operations (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the Legislature intends that the department finance or recover costs primarily through user charges; or (b) where the Legislature has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred or net income is appropriate. Department Enterprise Funds include the ranch and industries programs at the Montana State Prison and the industries program at the Montana Women's Prison.

Fiduciary Funds Category

Agency Fund - to account for assets held by the State in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments or other funds. Department fiduciary funds include moneys belonging to inmates of facilities.

2. General Fund Balance

The negative fund balance in the General Fund does not indicate overspent appropriation authority. Each agency has authority to pay obligations from the statewide General Fund within its appropriation limits. Each agency expends cash or other assets from the statewide fund when it pays General Fund obligations. The department's outstanding liabilities exceed the assets the agency has placed in the fund, resulting in negative ending General Fund balances for each of the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2001 and June 30, 2002.

3. Expenditure Program (Sub-class)

As part of the implementation of a new accounting system in fiscal year 1999-00, state officials determined that a sub-class designation would identify the program to which an expenditure should be charged. State officials did not require non-budgeted expenditure transactions to be identified to a sub-class. The program designations in the Schedules of Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out are based on the sub-class designation used when the expenditures were recorded. The accounting system did not require agencies to code non-budgeted accounts with a subclass code identifying the expenditure program in which the activity occurred until September 2000. This new edit requires that all expenditure transactions entered through the general ledger include a sub-class value. This non-budgeted activity is included in the column titled Program (Sub-Class) Not Specified on the Schedules of Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out.

4. Direct Entries to Fund Balance

Direct entries to fund balance in the General, Special Revenue, Internal Service, and Enterprise fund types include entries generated by SABHRS to reflect the flow of resources within individual funds shared by separate agencies.

The \$4.9 million in the Enterprise Fund was moving prior year assets this fiscal year from the General Fixed Asset Account Group to the

Notes to the Financial Schedules

Industries Enterprise Fund because of changes in accounting principles.

5. Agency Fund Additions and Deletions

In fiscal year 2001 the department moved some of the accounting functions from the MSP to the central office in Helena. Upon detailed review of the Agency Fund activity, department staff made several correcting entries to the Agency Fund that increased additions and deletions by approximately \$7 million on the Schedule of Changes in Fund Balance & Property Held in Trust for fiscal year 2001.

Department Response

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS



JUDY MARTZ, GOVERNOR

1539 11TH AVENUE

STATE OF MONTANA

(406) 444-3930 FAX (406) 444-4920 PO BOX 201301 HELENA, MONTANA 59620-1301

October 29, 2002

Mr. Scott A. Seacat Legislative Auditor Legislative Audit Division Room 135, State Capitol PO Box 201705 Helena MT 59620-1705

Re: Response to Legislative Audit Recommendations

Dear Mr. Seacat:

Thank you for the opportunity to respond to the financial-compliance audit report of the Department of Corrections. We have reviewed the recommendations, and the department concurs with the findings of the audit report. Our responses to each recommendation follow:

RECOMMENDATION # 1:

WE RECOMMEND THE DEPARTMENT IMPLEMENT ADEQUATE CONTROLS TO ENSURE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES ARE COMPLYING WITH STATE AND DEPARTMENT POLICY RELATED TO CELLULAR PHONE USAGE.

Response: We concur. The department reduced the number of cell phones by over 80 phones, and provided current cellular phone users with additional instructions for cell phone usage and protocols. We have also established a process to review cell phone minutes/usage each month to ensure the phones are being used appropriately and effectively.

RECOMMENDATION # 2:

WE RECOMMEND THE DEPARTMENT:

A. INCLUDE THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE EMPLOYEES' HOUSING IN THEIR TAXABLE GROSS INCOME AND RECORD THE RENTAL INCOME ON THE ACCOUNTING SYSTEM.

B. RECORD ALL HOURS WORKED BY PRISON RANCH EMPLOYEES ON THE STATE'S HUMAN RESOURCE SYSTEM.

Response: We concur. The department will change its policy to make the housing a condition of employment and will instruct staff to record the actual hours worked on their timesheets.

RECOMMENDATION #3:

WE RECOMMEND THE DEPARTMENT ENSURE TIME REPORTING INPUT AGREES TO THE ACTUAL INFORMATION RECORDED ON THE EMPLOYEES' TIMESHEETS.

<u>Response:</u> We concur. The department identified a more efficient report on SABHRS that will summarize the information entered and allow for easy comparison to timesheet totals. We have established procedures to compare this report to the timesheet prior to approving payroll each pay period.

RECOMMENDATION #4:

WE RECOMMEND THE DEPARTMENT'S COOK/CHILL FACILITY RATES INCLUDE A DEPRECIATION FACTOR TO ENSURE FEES ARE COMMENSURATE WITH COSTS AS REQUIRED BY STATE LAW.

Response: We concur. The department will include depreciation in the budget submitted to the Legislature for the 2004/2005 biennium.

RECOMMENDATION # 5:

WE RECOMMEND THE DEPARTMENT:

- A. ENFORCE CONTRACTING POLICY TO ENSURE CONTRACTS ARE SIGNED IN A TIMELY MANNER.
- B. ENSURE THE FACILITIES COMPLY WITH DEPARTMENT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR CONTRACTS EXCEEDING \$5,000.

Response: We concur. The department will update its contracts manual then provide training to employees on that manual. The department will also stagger its contract dates, so that all contracts are not due/completed at fiscal year end. The department will also review its current policy and processes and formalize several processes to ensure contracts are renewed in a timely manner.

RECOMMENDATION #6:

WE RECOMMEND THE DEPARTMENT COMPLY WITH STATE LAW RELATED TO EXCESS BALANCES IN INMATE TRUST ACCOUNTS.

Response: We concur. The department will introduce legislation into the 2003 Legislative Session, which will modify the law.

RECOMMENDATION #7:

WE RECOMMEND THE DEPARTMENT WORK WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTATION TO DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE FUND FOR THE CANNERY OPERATION AND MOVE THE ACCOUNTING FOR THE CANNERY TO THAT FUND.

Response: We partially concur. The department established the cannery operation in accordance with the intent of the legislature. Since the intent has changed, it would be more appropriate to record the activity in the Internal Service Fund. Since the Ranch and Industries programs are subsidizing the operation and the department has recommended to the Budget Office that the cannery operation be terminated, the department will leave it in the Enterprise Fund until a final decision has been made.

Sincerely,

BILL SLAUGHTER

Director

BS/vm/cj

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